"MICROBIAL PATHOGENESIS" SYLLABUS (SPRING QUARTER 2022)

Infectious diseases continue to be a leading cause of human morbidity and mortality worldwide as well as an important cause of economic loss and the "poverty trap" in developing countries. "Microbial Pathogenesis" focuses on the molecular mechanisms of host-pathogen interactions and pathogenesis of representative bacterial, fungal, and protozoan diseases. Topics include malaria, trypanosomiasis, toxoplasmosis, selected gramnegative and gram-positive bacterial infections, pathogenic mycobacteria, opportunistic mycoses, the evolution of pathogenicity and the impact of the host microbiota during microbial pathogenesis, and the development of antimicrobials and vaccines. The course is taught by Rockefeller and Cornell faculty and selected guest speakers. Each class includes a lecture followed by an in-depth discussion of assigned papers with the lecturer. If possible, the discussion can be continued at lunch with the speaker.

When: Fridays from 10:00 AM - 12:00 PM (March 4 – June 10, 2022)

Where: Carson Auditorium

Registrar: Kristen Cullen < cullenk@rockefeller.edu > (Dean's Office, Rockefeller University)

Course organizers:

Luciano Marraffini marraffini@rockefeller.edu
Jeremy Rock rock@rockefeller.edu

Rockefeller/Cornell Faculty Contacts:

Sean Brady sbrady@mail.rockefeller.edu Kirk Deitsch kwd2001@med.cornell.edu

Vince Fischetti vaf@rockefeller.edu

Outside lecturers:

Andrew Goodman andrew.goodman@yale.edu Eduardo Groisman eduardo.groisman@yale.edu

Joseph Heitman heitm001@duke.edu Sebastian Lourido lourido@wi.mit.edu

Jayne Raper Jayne.Raper@nyumc.org

Joseph A. Sorg jsorg@bio.tamu.edu

Sophie Helaine Sophie_Helaine@hms.harvard.edu

Becky Lamason rlamason@mit.edu

Credits: 2

Format: Each class includes a lecture (10:00 - 11:00 AM) followed by one or two (depending on the number of students) 20-minute presentations by students on a paper suggested by the speaker in which they outline follow-up experiments (a short break will separate the speaker and student lectures). If possible, lunch with the speaker follows in the Abby Aldrich Dining Room for a set of interested students (12:00 - 1:00 PM).

Background Reading: None

Class Preparation: Two papers will be assigned each week (one original research papers plus one review article) to accompany the lecture. One or two students will be assigned each

class to present follow-up experiments on one of the papers. These experiments will be critiqued by the rest of the class in a discussion moderated by the speaker. At the end of the course each student will write a 3-page proposal on a topic covered in the course but different than the one presented previously. More details will be available in the first lecture.

Evaluation: Credit will be based on class attendance, proposal and participation.

Schedule

March 4 Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Jeremy Rock

The Rockefeller University

March 11 Bacterial Persistence as a Mechanism of Pathogenesis

Sophie Helaine

Harvard Medical School

March 18 Toxoplasma gondii

Sebastian Lourido

MIT Department of Biology/Whitehead Institute

March 25 Plasmodium falciparum (Malaria)

Kirk W. Deitsch

Weill Medical College of Cornell University

April 1 Impact of the host microbiota in bacterial pathogenesis

Andrew Goodman Yale University

April 8 African trypanosomiasis (sleeping sickness)

Jayne Raper

Hunter College of CUNY

April 15 Gram-Positive bacterial pathogens

Vince A. Fischetti

The Rockefeller University

April 22 Antimicrobial drug discovery

Sean Brady

The Rockefeller University

April 29 No class

May 6 Mechanisms and barriers of horizontal gene transfer

Luciano Marraffini

The Rockefeller University

May 13 Clostridium pathogenesis

Joseph Sorg

Texas A&M University

May 20 Fungal pathogenesis: sexual reproduction in microbial pathogens

Joseph Heitman

Duke University Medical Center

May 27 Intracellular bacterial pathogens

Becky Lamason

MIT

June 3 No class

June 10 Evolution and regulation of bacterial pathogenesis

Eduardo Groisman Yale University